PRELIMINARY EXAM PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

May 2, 2023

FULL NAME: ID NUMBER:

Instruction: Choose **only five** (out of six) problems to do. Each problem is worth 20 points.

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Points:	20	20	20	20	20	20	100
Score:							

1. [20 points] Let $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$, $n \ge 2$, be open, bounded, and connected with C^1 boundary. Let $F: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ be a nonlinear function. Consider the boundary-value problem

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = F(u) & \text{ in } U, \\ u = 0 & \text{ on } \partial U. \end{cases}$$

Assume that $u \mapsto \frac{F(u)}{u}$ is strictly increasing for all u > 0. Show that it is impossible to have two solutions u, v of the boundary-value problem above satisfying u(x) > v(x) > 0 for all $x \in U$.

2. [20 points] Let $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$, $n \ge 2$, be open, bounded, and connected with C^1 boundary. Consider the boundary-value problem

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = a(x)u + f(x) & \text{ in } U, \\ u = h(x) & \text{ on } \partial U. \end{cases}$$

The functions a(x), f(x), and h(x) are all continuous in their domains; a(x) > 1 in U. v is the outward unit normal on ∂U .

- (a) Prove that a smooth solution to this problem is unique.
- (b) Recall that a(x) > 1 in U. Suppose additionally that $f(x) \ge 0$ in U and h(x) < 0 on ∂U . Prove that $u \le 0$ in \overline{U} .
- 3. [20 points] Solve the following problems.
 - (a) Let *u* and *v* be classical solutions of $u_t u_{xx} = f(x, t)$ and $v_t v_{xx} = g(x, t)$, respectively, on $\Omega = \{(x, t) \mid 0 < x < L, t > 0\}$ for some L > 0 fixed. Assume that

$$\begin{cases} f(x,t) \leq g(x,t) & \text{ for all } (x,t) \in \Omega, \\ u(x,0) \leq v(x,0) & \text{ for } 0 < x < L, \\ u(0,t) \leq v(0,t) & \text{ and } u(L,t) \leq v(L,t) & \text{ for } t > 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that $u \leq v$ in Ω .

(b) Suppose that v is smooth and satisfies

$$v_t - v_{xx} \ge \sin(x)$$
 in $Q = \{(x, t) \mid 0 < x < \pi, t > 0\}.$

Moreover, assume that $v(0,t) \ge 0$ and $v(\pi,t) \ge 0$ for all $t \ge 0$ and $v(x,0) \ge \sin(x)$ for $0 \le x \le \pi$.

Show that $v(x,t) \ge (1 - e^{-t}) \sin(x)$ in *Q*.

4. [20 points] Let T > 0 be fixed. Consider the following initial-boundary-value problem for the Kawahara equation

$$\begin{cases} u_t + uu_x + u_{xxx} + u_x + u_{xxxxx} = 0, & x \in (0,1), \quad t \in (0,T), \\ u(x,0) = \phi(x) & x \in (0,1), \\ u(0,t) = h_1(t), \ u(1,t) = h_2(t), & t \in (0,T), \\ u_x(0,t) = h_3(t), \ u_x(1,t) = h_4(t), & t \in (0,T), \\ u_{xx}(0,t) = h_5(t), & t \in (0,T). \end{cases}$$
(1)

where ϕ and h_j , j = 1, 2, ..., 5, are smooth functions. Show that the problem (1) admits only one smooth solution.

Hint: Grönwall's inequality states that if $y'(t) \le g(t)y(t)$ *for* $t \ge 0$ *, then* $y(t) \le y(0) e^{\int_0^t g(\tau) d\tau}$.

Turn the page for problems 5 and 6.

5. [20 points] Use the method of characteristics to find the solution u(x, t) of the Cauchy problem

$$\begin{cases} xu_x - u_y = u - 1, & -\infty < x < \infty, & y > 0, \\ u(x, 0) = \sin(x), & -\infty < x < \infty. \end{cases}$$

6. [20 points] Find the entropy solution of the following problem

$$\begin{cases} u_t + uu_x = 0, & -\infty < x < \infty, \quad t > 0, \\ u(x,0) = g(x), & -\infty < x < \infty. \end{cases}$$

where

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < -1, \\ 0, & -1 < x < 1, \\ 1, & 1 < x. \end{cases}$$