## Statistical Methods Prelim Exam

 $9{:}30~\mathrm{am}$ -12:00 pm, Thursday, August 22, 2019

1. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d. with finite mean  $\mu$  and variance  $0 < \sigma^2 < \infty$ . Let  $S^2 = (1/(n-1)) \sum (X_i - \bar{x})^2$  where  $\bar{X} = \sum X_i/n$ .

Show that  $S^2$  is asymptotically normally distributed in the sense that  $\sqrt{n}(S^2 - \sigma^2)$  converges in distribution to N(0,c) for some constant c > 0. You may use the identity,  $\sum (X_i - \mu)^2 = \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2 + n(\bar{X} - \mu)^2$ .

- 2. Let  $X_1, X_2, X_3$  be i.i.d.  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$  with  $-\infty < \mu < \infty, 0 < \sigma^2 < \infty$ . Assume that  $\mu$  is unknown but  $\sigma$  is known. Let  $T_1 = (X_1 + 2X_2 + 3X_3)/6, T_2 = X_1^2 - X_2^2 + \frac{1}{2}X_1 + |X_1X_3| - |X_2X_3|$  and  $\bar{X} = (X_1 + X_2 + X_3)/3$ .
  - (a) Find the conditional distribution of  $X_1$  given  $T_1$ .
  - (b) Determine whether  $T_1$  is sufficient for  $\mu$ , and justify your answer.
  - (c) Evaluate  $E(T_2|\bar{X}=\bar{x})$ .
- 3. Suppose that  $X_1, \ldots, X_m$  are i.i.d. Uniform $(-\theta, \theta)$ , and  $Y_1, \ldots, Y_n$  are i.i.d. Uniform $(-2\theta, 2\theta)$  where  $\theta \in (0, \infty)$  is assumed unknown. Assume that the X's and Y's are independent.

(a) Find the most powerful level  $\alpha$  test for  $H_0: \theta = 3$  versus  $H_1: \theta = 4$ . Give the exact rejection region of the test. (Hint: You may first find the distribution  $Y_1/2$ ).

- (b) Is this a uniformly most powerful test for  $H_0: \theta = 3$  versus  $H_1: \theta > 3$ ? Justify your answer.
- 4. Let  $X_1, \ldots, X_n$  be i.i.d. random sample from  $U(\theta, \theta + 1)$ , where  $-\infty < \theta < \infty$  and it is unknown. Assume a prior distribution for  $\theta$  given by the probability density function, for  $-\infty < \theta < \infty$ ,

$$\pi(\theta) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|\theta|}$$

- (a) Find the posterior distribution of  $\theta$ , and give an exact closed form expression for the posterior density function.
- (b) Find the Bayes estimate of  $\theta$  with respect to the squared error loss function.