

**PRELIMINARY EXAM IN ALGEBRA - AUGUST 2022**

Time allowed : 2 hours and 30 minutes

No calculators, cell phones, or other electronic devices allowed

1. Prove or disprove:
  - (a)  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$  is a principal ideal domain.
  - (b) Let  $R = \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{2}]$  and  $Q$  be the field of fractions of  $R$ . Then  $Q \cong \mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{2}]$ .
  
2. Prove that the following functions are irreducible in  $\mathbb{Z}[x]$ :
  - (a)  $f(x) = x^4 + 9x^3 + 6x^2 + 15x + 3$
  - (b)  $g(x) = x^3 - 9x + 9$
  
3. Let  $E/F$  be an algebraic field extension.
  - (a) What does it mean for  $E$  to be a splitting field for some  $f(x) \in F[x]$ ?
  - (b) What does it mean for  $E/F$  to be a normal extension?
  - (c) Prove that if  $E$  is a splitting field then it is normal.
  
4. Let  $F$  be a field of characteristic zero, and let  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_4$  be indeterminates — or you can assume they are algebraically independent elements over  $F$ . Let
$$f(x) = (x - \alpha_1)(x - \alpha_2)(x - \alpha_3)(x - \alpha_4) = x^4 + a_3x^3 + a_2x^2 + a_1x + a_0$$
and let  $L = F(\alpha_1, \alpha_2, \alpha_3, \alpha_4)$ ,  $K = F(a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3)$ .
  - (a) Show that  $L/K$  is Galois. What is the Galois group?
  - (b) Use the structure of  $L/K$  to demonstrate a degree 4 extension  $M/N$  such that there exists no quadratic extension of  $N$  contained in  $M$ .
  
5. Let  $R = \mathbb{Z}[x]$ . Prove that any strictly ascending sequence of ideals  $I_1 \subsetneq I_2 \subsetneq \dots$  of  $R$  must be finite.