Calculus Contest	May 15,	2007.	
	<u>1</u>	Name:	
Show all work. No Calcula	ators.	UCID $\#$	 
		Section $\#$	

1. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = x|x|^p$ , where p > 0 is a real number. The answer should be written as a single formula. Is this function even or odd?

2. Calculate 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{1 + \sin x} \, dx$$
.  
Hint:  $1 = \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} + \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}$ . (Or do it your way.)

3. For any positive integer n

$$n^2 = n + n + \ldots + n,$$

where the sum on the right has n terms. Differentiating both sides,

$$2n = 1 + 1 + \ldots + 1,$$

i.e.

2n = n.

Dividing by n,

2 = 1.

Is there anything wrong with this argument? Explain.

4. Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{x \to -2} \frac{|x+1| - 1}{4 - x^2}.$$

Justify your answer.

5. (i) Let  $g(x) = \int_0^x (x-t)f(t) dt$ . Show that g''(x) = f(x). Hint: Break the integral into two pieces. (Or do it your way.)

(ii) Let  $G(x) = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int_0^x (x-t)^{n-1} f(t) dt$ . Evaluate the *n*-th derivative  $G^{(n)}(x)$ .

6. Evaluate the integral

$$\int x^3 \sin(x^2) \, dx.$$

7. (i) Does the series  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$  converge? Explain.

(ii) Does the series 
$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \left[ \frac{(-1)^n}{\ln n} + 1 \right]$$
 converge? Explain.

(iii) State the limit comparison test. Will the test remain valid if one no longer requires that both series have positive terms? Explain.